



Medication Deferral List

SOME MEDICATIONS MAY AFFECT YOUR ELIGIBILITY TO DONATE BLOOD.
PLEASE TELL US IF YOU...

Have been treated with the following types of medications or for the following conditions....	or have taken...	which is also called...	anytime in the last....
Anti-platelet agents (usually taken to prevent stroke or heart attack)	Feldene	piroxicam	2 days
	Effient	prasugrel	7 days
	Brilinta	ticagrelor	
	Plavix	clopidogrel	14 days
	Ticlid	ticlopidine	
	Zontivity	vorapaxar	
Anticoagulants or “blood thinners” (usually to prevent blood clots in the legs and lungs and prevent strokes)	Angiox/Angiomax	bivalirudin	2 days
	Acova	Argatroban	
	Eliquis	apixaban	
	Fragmin	dalteparin	
	Lovenox	enoxaparin	
	Pradaxa	dabigatran	
	Savaysa	edoxaban	
	Xarelto	rivaroxaban	
	Coumadin	warfarin	7 days
	Jantoven		
	Warfilone		
	Heparin, low molecular weight heparin	heparin	
	Arixtra	fondaparinux	
Acne treatment	Accutane	isotretinoin	
	Amnesteem		

PLEASE TELL US IF YOU...

Have been treated with the following types of medications or for the following conditions....	or have taken...	which is also called...	anytime in the last....
Acne treatment (continued)	Absorica	isotretinoin	1 month
	Claravis		
	Myorisan		
	Sotret		
	Zenatane		
Hair loss remedy	Propecia	finasteride	1 month
Prostate symptoms	Proscar	finasteride	1 month
	Avodart	dutasteride	6 months
	Jalyn	dutasteride	
Basal cell skin cancer	Erivedge	vismodegib	7 months
Relapsing multiple sclerosis	Aubagio	teriflunomide	2 years
Psoriasis	Soriatane	acitretin	3 years
	Tegison	etretinate	Ever
Hepatitis exposure	Hepatitis B Immune Globulin	HBIG	12 months
Experimental Medication or Unlicensed (Experimental) Vaccine			12 months
Growth hormone from human pituitary glands*			Ever
Insulin from Cows (Bovine or Beef Insulin) manufactured in the United Kingdom*			Ever
Gold Therapy (usually for rheumatoid and psoriatic arthritis)	Myochrysine	gold sodium thiomalate	Ever
	Ridaura	auranofin	
	Solganal	aurothioglucose	
Methotrexate (usually for cancer, psoriasis, rheumatoid arthritis, lupus, polymyositis and ectopic pregnancy)	Amethopterin, Methotrexate, Methotrexate Sodium, MTX, Otrexup, Rasuvo, Rheumatrex, Trexall	methotrexate	Ever

WHY THESE MEDICINES AFFECT YOU AS A BLOOD DONOR:

- **Feldene** is a non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug that can affect platelet function. A donor taking Feldene will not be able to donate platelets for 2 days following the last dose; however, its use will not affect whole blood or double red blood cell (dRBC) donations.
- **Effient** and **Brilinta** are medications that can decrease the chance of a heart attack or stroke in individuals at risk for these conditions. Since these medications can affect platelets, anyone taking one of these medications will not be able to donate platelets for 7 days following the last dose. Use of these medications will not prohibit whole blood or dRBC donations.
- **Plavix, Ticlid, and Zontivity** are medications that can decrease the chance of a heart attack or stroke in individuals at risk for these conditions. Since these medications can affect platelets, anyone taking one of these medications will not be able to donate platelets for 14 days following the last dose. Use of these medications will not prohibit whole blood or dRBC donations.
- **Angiomax/Angiox, Acova, Eliquis, Fragmin, Lovenox, Pradaxa, Savaysa, and Xarelto** are Thrombin/Xa inhibitors often used to treat and prevent blood clots in the veins, arteries, or lungs. These medications affect the blood's ability to clot, which might cause excessive bruising or bleeding when you donate. Donors taking these medications will not be able to donate any products for 2 days following the last dose.
- **Coumadin® (warfarin) and other similar anticoagulants** are often used to treat and prevent blood clots in the veins, arteries, or lungs. These medications affect the blood's ability to clot, which might cause excessive bruising or bleeding when you donate. Donors taking these medications will not be able to donate any products for 7 days following the last dose.
- **Heparin, low molecular weight heparin and similar anticoagulants** are often used to treat and prevent blood clots in the veins, arteries, or lungs. These medications affect the blood's ability to clot, which might cause excessive bruising or bleeding when you donate. Donors taking these medications will not be able to donate any products for 7 days following the last dose.
- **Accutane, Amnesteem, Absorica, Claravis, Myorisan, Sotret, Zenatane and other isotretinoin** medications can cause birth defects. Your donated blood could contain high enough levels to damage an unborn baby if transfused to a pregnant woman. Once the medication has been cleared from your blood, you may donate again. Donors taking these medications will not be able to donate for one month (31 days) following the last dose.
- **Propecia, Proscar, Avodart and Jalyn** can cause birth defects. Your donated blood could contain high enough levels to damage an unborn baby if transfused to a pregnant woman. Once the medication has been cleared from your blood, you may donate again. Donors who have or are taking Propecia or Proscar will not be able to donate for one month (31 days) following the last dose. Donors who have or are taking Avodart or Jalyn will not be able to donate for 6 months following the last dose.
- **Erivedge** is used to treat advanced basal cell skin cancer that cannot effectively be treated with surgery or radiation. It can cause birth defects or the death of an unborn baby if transfused to a pregnant woman. Donors who have taken this medication will not be able to donate for 7 months following the last dose.

- **Aubagio** is used to treat relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis. It can cause birth defects or the death of an unborn baby if transfused to a pregnant woman. Donors who have taken this medication will not be able to donate for 2 years following the last dose.
- **Soriatane and Tegison** can cause birth defects. Your donated blood could contain high enough levels to damage an unborn baby if transfused to a pregnant woman. Once the medication has been cleared from your blood, you may donate again. Donors who have or are taking Soriatane will not be able to donate for 3 years following the last dose. Donors who have or are taking Tegison are permanently deferred because the medication is never completely cleared from the body.
- **Hepatitis B Immune Globulin (HBIG)** is an injected material used to prevent hepatitis B infection following a possible or known exposure to hepatitis B. HBIG does not prevent hepatitis B infection in every case, therefore persons who have received HBIG must wait 12 months to donate blood to be sure they were not infected since hepatitis B can be transmitted through transfusion to a patient.
- **Unlicensed (Experimental) Vaccine/Medication** is usually associated with a research protocol and the effect on blood transmission is unknown. Deferral is one year from the receipt of the unlicensed (experimental) vaccine/medication.
- **Growth hormone derived from human pituitary glands** was prescribed for children with delayed or impaired growth. The hormone was originally obtained from human pituitary glands found in the brain; since the mid 1980's, biosynthetic (recombinant) human growth hormone replaced pituitary-derived human growth hormone for therapeutic use in the U.S. and elsewhere. Individuals who took human-derived growth hormone are at risk for developing a rare nervous system condition called Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease (CJD, for short). The deferral is permanent.
- **Insulin from cows (bovine, or beef, insulin)** is an injected material used to treat diabetes. Prior to the early 1980s and the development of recombinant human insulin, most insulin was derived from pigs and cows. Animal-derived insulin is associated with a minimal risk of contracting infectious diseases. If this insulin was imported into the U.S. from countries in which "Mad Cow Disease" has been found, it could contain material from infected cattle. There is concern that "Mad Cow Disease" is transmitted by transfusion. The deferral is permanent.
- **Gold Therapy** is used most often to treat rheumatoid arthritis. It is sometimes used to treat juvenile rheumatoid arthritis and psoriatic arthritis. A donor taking gold therapy treatment is not eligible to donate for 3 months following the last dose.
- **Methotrexate** is used to treat several kinds of cancer including cancer of the blood, bone, lung, breast, head or neck. It is also used to treat rheumatoid arthritis, psoriasis (a skin disease), systemic lupus erythematosus and ectopic pregnancies. Your donated blood could contain high enough levels to end a pregnancy or cause severe birth defects to an unborn baby if transfused to a pregnant woman. Donors who have or are taking Methotrexate for a condition other than a malignancy will not be able to donate for 3 months following the last dose. If taken for a malignancy, the deferral is permanent.

INFORMATION FOR PLATELET DONORS ONLY:
DRUGS THAT AFFECT PLATELET FUNCTION

Medications Containing Aspirin or Aspirin-Containing Compounds

- A -	Aspirin (Generic)	CP2 Tablets	- F -
Aggrenox® (Aspirin and Dipyridamole)	Axotal	- D -	Feldene®
Alka-Seltzer®	Azdone	Dabigatran Etexilate (Pradaxa®)	Fiogesic
Aluprin	- B -	Dalteparin (Fragmin®)	Fiorgen PF
Anacin	Bayer®	Darvon	Fiorinal
Angiomax®	BC All Clear	Dasin	Fiortal
Angiox™	BC Tablets & Powder	Dipyridamole	Fizrin Powder
Anodynos	Bivalirudin (Angiomax/Angiox)	Doans	Fondaparinux (Arixtra®)
Ansemco #2 Tablets	Brilinta®	Dolobid	Four-Way Cold Tablets
Anthopan	Buf Tablets	Dolprin #3	Fragmin®
APC	Buff A	Duoprin Capsules	- G -
Apixaban (Eliquis®)	Buff-A-Comp Tablets	Duorprin-S Syrup	Gaysal-S Tablets
Argatroban®	Buffadyne	Duradyne	Gelpirin
Arixtra®	Buffaprin	- E -	Gemnisyn
Arthritis Pain Formula	Bufferin	Easprin	Genprin
Arthritis Strength Bufferin	Buffets	Ecotrin	Gensan
ASA	Buffex	Edoxaban (Savaysa®)	Goody's Headache Power
Asacol	Buffinol	Effient®	Gongesprin
ASA Compound Capsules	- C -	Eliquis®	- H -
ASA Enseals	Cama (In-Lay Tablets)	Emagrin	Heartline
Ascodeen-30	Cetased, Improved	Empirin	Headrin
Ascriptin	Clopidogrel (Plavix®)	Emprazil	Heparin
Aspergum	Congespirin	Enoxaparin (Lovenox®)	Hipirin
Aspirin Suppositories	COPE	Epromate	- I -
Aspir 10 (valve)	Coricidin	Equagesic	Isollyl
	Cosprin	Equazine	- J -
	Coumadin®	Excedrin®	Jantoven®
			- K -

Kaodene Non-Narcotic

- L -

Lanoprinal

Lortab ASA Tablets

Lovenox®

- M -

Magnaprin

Marnal

Measurin (Time-Released)

Micrainin

Midol®

Mobigesic

Momentum Muscle Backache Formula

Monacet w/Codeine

- N -

Norwich Aspirin

Norgesic Forte

- O -

Orphengesic

- P -

Pabizol with Paragoric (Rexall)

Pabralate

Pabrin

PAC Analgesic Tablets

Painaid

Panasal

Panodynes Analgesic

Percodan Tablets

Pepto Bismol®

Persantine®

Persistin

Piroxacam (Feldene®)

Plavix®

Pradaxa®

Prasugrel (Effient®)

Presalin

Pyrroxate

- Q -**- R -**

Rhinocaps

Rivaroxaban (Xarelto®)

Robaxisal Tablets

Roxiprim

- S -

Saletto

Salocol

Savaysa® (Edoxaban)

Sine-off

SK-65 Compound

Sodol

Soma

St. Joseph Aspirin

St. Joseph Aspirin (Children's Chewable)

St. Joseph Cold (Tablets for Children)

Stanback Tablets & Powder

Stero-Darbon w/A.S.A.

Supac

Suprin

Synalgos Capsules

- T -

Talwin Compound

Tenol-Plus

Ticagrelor (Brilinta®)

Ticlid®

Ticlopidine (Ticlid®)

Triagesic

Triaminicin Tablets

Trilisate SA

Tri-pain

- U -

Uracel 5

Ursinus

- V -

Vanquish Caplets

Verin

Viro-Med Tablets

Vorapaxar (Zontivity®)

- W -

Warfarin ®

Warfilone®

Wesprin Buffered

- X -

Xarelto®

- Y -**- Z -**

Zee-Seltzer

Zontivity®

Zorprin